

Class 6000 Socket Weld Fig. 2172 Tees Fig. 2173 Crosses

Figure 2172 Tees	Size		Α		B Socket Dia.		C Minimum		D Bore Dia.		J Socket Depth Minimum		Unit Weight	
	NPS	DN	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	lbs	kg
	1/2	15	0.75	19.0	.875 .855	22.2 21.8	0.204	5.18	.494 .434	12.5 11.0	0.38	9.5	1.16	0.53
	3/4	20	0.88	22.5	1.085 1.065	27.6 27.2	0.238	6.04	.642 .582	16.3 14.8	0.50	12.5	2.00	0.9
	1	25	1.06	27.0	1.350 1.330	34.3 33.9	0.273	6.93	.845 .785	21.5 19.9	0.50	12.5	3.16	1.43
	11/4	32	1.25	32.0	1.695 1.675	43.1 42.7	0.273	6.93	1.190 1.130	30.2 28.7	0.50	12.5	3.62	1.64
	11/2	40	1.50	38.0	1.935 1.915	49.2 48.8	0.307	7.80	1.368 1.308	34.7 33.2	0.50	12.5	7.10	3.22
A┼╾╸」	2	50	1.62	41.0	2.426 2.406	61.7 61.2	0.374	9.50	1.717 1.657	43.6 42.1	0.62	16.0	8.90	4.04
₿Ĵ₽Ĵ+-+	21/2	65	2.25	57.1	2.931 2.906	74.4 73.9	0.41	10.41	2.185 2.065	55.5 52.5	0.62	16.0	16.63	7.54
	3	80	2.50	63.5	3.560 3.535	90.3 89.8	0.48	12.19	2.684 2.564	68.2 65.1	0.62	16.0	23.80	10.79
C≁II←I	4	100	2.62	66.5	4.570 4.545	115.7 115.2	0.58	14.73	3.498 3.378	88.8 85.8	0.75	19.0	45.32	20.5

Figure 2173 Crosses	Si	ze		A	E Socke	s et Dia.	C Minir	num	E Bore) Dia.	Socket Mini	J Depth mum	Ur Wei	nit ight
	NPS	DN	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	lbs	kg
	1/2	15	0.75	19.0	.875 .855	22.2 21.8	0.204	5.18	.494 .434	12.5 11.0	0.38	9.5	1.40	0.63
	3/4	20	0.88	22.5	1.085 1.065	27.6 27.2	0.238	6.04	.642 .582	16.3 14.8	0.50	12.5	2.30	1.04
	D B - ¥ 1	25	1.06	27.0	1.350 1.330	34.3 33.9	0.273	6.93	.845 .785	21.5 19.9	0.50	12.5	3.80	1.72
	11/4	32	1.25	32.0	1.695 1.675	43.1 42.7	0.273	6.93	1.190 1.130	30.2 28.7	0.50	12.5	4.70	2.13
	11/2	40	1.50	38.0	1.935 1.915	49.2 48.8	0.307	7.80	1.368 1.308	34.7 33.2	0.50	12.5	8.70	3.95
	2	50	1.62	41.0	2.426 2.406	61.7 61.2	0.374	9.50	1.717 1.657	43.6 42.1	0.62	16.0	9.30	4.22

Note: When the pipe is seated against the bottom of the socket prior to welding, to prevent possible cracking of the fillet welds, it is recommended that the pipe be withdrawn approximately $\frac{1}{16}$ in (1.6mm) away from contact with the bottom of the socket before starting the weld.

Average of socket wall thickness around periphery shall be no less than listed values. The minimum values are permitted in localized areas.

APPROVAL STAMP
Approved
Approved as noted
Not approved
Remarks:
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Fig. 2172 Tees Fig. 2173 Crosses



Materials

The steel for Anvil Forged Carbon Steel Fittings consists of forging, bars, seamless pipe or tubes which conform to the requirements for melting process, chemical composition and mechanical properties of ASTM A105.

Design Basis

ASME B16.11 - Forged fittings, socket-weld and threaded

Forged Steel Fittings

In accordance with ASME standard B16.11 – "Forged Fittings, Socket–Welding and Threaded" this table shows the schedule of pipe corresponding to each class of fitting for rating purposes.

Pressure Ratings							
Class	Schedule						
Class	N.P.T.	S.W.					
2000	80	-					
3000	160	80					
6000	XXS/XXH	160					

ASME B16.11 provides that the maximum allowable pressure of a fitting be computed in accordance with the applicable piping code or regulation for straight seamless pipe or for material of equivalent composition and mechanical properties to the fitting. Any corrosion or mechanical allowances and any reduction in allowable stress due to temperature or other service conditions must be applied to the pipe and fitting alike.

Standards and Specifications									
	Dimensions	Material	Thread	Pressure Rating					
Forged Steel Threaded Fittings									
Class 2000, 3000, 6000	ASME B16.11	ASTM A105, ASTM A182, ASTM A350	ASME B1.20.1	ASME B16.11					

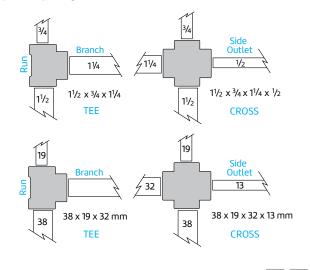
Dimensions ASME B16.11, unless otherwise noted

Threads ASME B1.20.1 NPT Threads

Reducing Fittings

Reducing elbows, tees and crosses are available in both threaded and socket-welding.

On reducing tees and crosses give the size of the largest run opening; then give the opposite opening. On a tee give the branch size last. On a cross give the largest side outlet third and the opposite opening last.



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